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HONOLULU, H. T., TUESDAY, JULY 15, 1902—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2401.

QUEEN ON THE CHINA

Arrived From the Coast Last Night.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s China, Commander D. E. Friele, arrived from San Francisco at 8 o'clock last night with mails and a fair passenger list. Queen Liliuokalani and party were passengers on the ship. The Queen was met by a large number of people at the wharf and came ashore about 9 o'clock. The Queen's party included Mr. J. K. Aea, Mr. J. D. Almoku and Miss Myra Heleluhe. The Queen did not have a very pleasant passage. Although never a good sailor, she seemed to suffer a great deal more from seasickness on this trip than she has on previous ones and remained in her stateroom during the greater part of the trip. She felt very well, though, when the steamer came in sight of the islands and greeted a party composed of Prince Cupid, Princess Kaiulani, Mrs. Abraham Fernandez, Miss Fernandez, Miss Heleluhe, Delegate and Mrs. Wilcox, Mr. J. C. Carter, Mr. W. O. Smith and others, very pleasantly.

Probably the largest crowd that has greeted a steamer here for some time was on the wharf when the China arrived.

Among the passengers for Honolulu were Mr. W. H. Castle, Mrs. Castle and Miss Castle, who are returning with their son, A. L. Castle, from the Hotchkiss Training School. He was very ill at school but has now recovered and seems to be in his old athletic form, as he won nearly all the honors that his sister did not win in the sports held on board the China. He was one of the best all-around athletes turned out by Oahu College.

Mr. Albert Atong is returning home from Harvard College.

Mr. R. A. Cooke is returning from school. Mr. H. F. Damon is also returning from school.

Mrs. R. D. Mead is returning to Honolulu after a visit of several weeks on the mainland.

Captain W. C. W. Renny is returning from a several weeks' visit on the coast.

The remaining passengers for Honolulu were: Mrs. George H. Barker, Miss Ruth Beckwith, Mr. A. L. Black, Mrs. A. Blom and infant, Mr. M. B. Cahn, Mr. S. H. Derby, Mr. W. E. Heine, Miss E. P. Howard, Misses E. P. and H. N. Leffingwell, Mr. L. C. Pistolet, Mr. J. Roder, Miss V. B. Rich, Mr. C. E. Sedgewick, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Silver.

Among passengers bound for China and Japan who will stop over here are Mr. C. E. Fradgely, Mr. W. B. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Hubbell, Mr. P. U. Welch and Mr. B. Honig.

Mrs. C. M. Jewell and Miss Gilman, two missionaries, are returning to Peking.

Lieut. Bennett, U. S. N., is a passenger for Yokohama.

Mrs. Julia Carothers, one of the pioneer missionaries of Japan, is returning. She first worked in Japan in 1858 and was the author of some of the earliest works in English on Japan.

Mr. J. Reinsider, formerly of the United States Navy, is a passenger for Kobe. He is on a round-the-world trip. Mr. D. Wing, a prominent flour miller of San Francisco, is taking his family on a visit to China.

Mr. Robert Dollar, a well known San Francisco steamship owner, and Mrs. Dollar, are passengers for Hongkong. Mr. Dollar has a fleet of steamers trading along the Pacific coast and now intends to establish a line to China. One of his ships, the Arab, will meet him in Hongkong.

Rev. Dr. Rankin, of the Presbyterian Church South, is a notable passenger. He is a man of wide and high reputation in the States, and is on a tour of inspection of the missions of that church in Japan, China and the Philippine Islands. If time permits, he is desirous of stopping over on his return trip to become personally acquainted with the Hawaiian field. He is interested to find that some of the original bands of missionaries in Hawaii were of the South.

Miss Howard, principal of the Knoxville, Illinois, Young Ladies' Seminary, visits Honolulu. She is a cousin of Mrs. Dr. J. M. Whitney and comes for a needed rest. With her are the Misses Leffingwell, daughters of the well known Episcopal clergyman, who are here for a vacation. They are sure to acquire here the delightful popularity they left behind.

Other passengers for the Orient are: For Yokohama, Geo. Borek, F. Bruckman Jr., S. Kimura. For Kobe—J. Reinsider and R. Morimoto. For Nagasaki, Mrs. A. C. Perkins, Miss Perkins. For Shanghai, H. S. Alward.

The China left San Francisco at 2 p. m. on July 8. She sails today at noon for Yokohama.

Lament for Governor.

NEW YORK, July 5.—The Commercial Advertiser says: Daniel S. Lamont is to be the Democratic candidate for Governor of the State of New York, unless the present plans of David B. Hill, Grover Cleveland and "Big Tim" Sullivan, who practically represent Tammany Hall and the Willoughby-street organization in State matters, fail of accomplishment.

DEMOCRATS STANDING SOLID FOR THE PRINCE

They Are Ready to Indorse Him If He Will Run On an Independent Platform—Wilcox a Dead Leader.

DEMOCRATS of Honolulu pin their faith to Prince Cupid Kalaupapa and will doubtless give him their endorsement for Congress.

At a general meeting of Democrats held last evening in Waverly Hall, at which Colonel C. J. McCarthy presided, every speaker on the floor endorsed in the highest terms Prince Cupid for Delegate to Congress. All admitted that no nominee of their own would stand a ghost of a show in being elected, and in Cupid they see where they can make their votes count for something. The hope was expressed that Prince Cupid would stand upon an entirely independent platform, free of local issues, and they felt certain that he would not only be endorsed and voted for by the Independent or progressive Hawaiians' party, but by the Democratic party, and there was a glimmering chance that the Republicans would stand behind the young ally.

Colonel Cornwell, the Democratic National committeeman for Hawaii, spoke first of the opportunity which the Democratic party had to stand behind Prince Cupid and he felt that the party could not make a wiser move than to place the name of Cupid at the head of their ticket.

As for Wilcox, the Democrats generally conceded that the nomination of Cupid meant the political death of Wilcox and Kalaupapa, and the rise of a progressive Hawaiian spirit in place of the old Bourbon methods practiced by the original Home Rule party.

A committee of fifteen Democrats will be appointed this morning by Colonel McCarthy to effect a preliminary organization of the Democratic party in Hawaii and their report is to be presented at a meeting to be held next Monday evening. The committee will also probably suggest who shall be the nominee of the party for Congress. On this committee Colonel McCarthy will be the ex-officio chairman, and Edmund Hart, ex-officio secretary.

Another committee, consisting of Colonel Cornwell, Colonel McCarthy and one Hawaiian, will be in readiness to wait upon Senator Blackburn when he arrives with the Senatorial party and ascertain his desires as to obtaining general information as to conditions in Hawaii, and also as to the Democratic party here.

Fred Terrill said that Cupid was bound to be the leader of his race, and Wilcox was a dying figure in politics. Charles Creighton considered Cupid the most available man the Democrats had. With his social attainments and gentlemanly manner he was sure to obtain aid for Hawaii, even though he had no vote in Congress. If he stands firm in his position with the young Hawaiians and takes kindly to a combination with the Democrats, it meant the defeat of Wilcox. Kaula's "snake" would be killed when Wilcox failed to get elected.

Colonel McCarthy endorsed the same sentiments. At Washington Hawaii had obtained nothing through Wilcox. He was there presumably to represent Hawaii, but he represented only himself. He had no ability. Cupid was an aggressive young man and had intelligence. He is a man who has the welfare of his country at heart. He is not a self-seeker. As for the Legislature, the best men must be voted for by the Democrats. Colonel McCarthy then suggested the appointment of a committee of fifteen to effect a preliminary organization of the party.

Colonel Cornwell stated that if Cupid ran for Congress it would be on an independent platform. He knew this. He did not believe Cupid expected a nomination from the Democrats or Republicans. Terrill raised a laugh when he said that Wilcox stood only for \$100 a month and mileage.

When the question of receiving the Senatorial committee came up, Colonel Cornwell stated he had had a letter from Senator Blackburn respecting the Democratic party in Hawaii and what it should do, and he did not believe that Wilcox had ever received a written communication from him as he had stated, although he may have conversed with him. The letter pointed out that conferences between S. M. Damon, Colonel McCarthy, Colonel Cornwell and others must be carried on, and he thought it was the ultimate destiny of the Home Rule party to unite with the Democrats. If Wilcox was defeated, Cornwell felt certain that the Home Rule party would merge with the Democrats.

Efinger looked forward—possibly a couple of decades—when he laughingly suggested that Blackburn should know fully about the Democratic party here as when Congress next became Democratic the Senator would know who to nominate for Governor, postmaster, secretary and other offices.

Jack' Flynn suggested that the best way to receive Senator Blackburn would be at an "at home," where an informal talk could be indulged in by all. The suggestion was favorably received.

WHITING WILL RELIEVE MERRY

Captain William H. Whiting, whose wife was an Afong, has been detailed to succeed Admiral J. F. Merry as commandant of the Honolulu Naval Station.

This news was received last evening in private letters by friends, and the further information was conveyed that the new commandant might be expected about August 1, though his passage might be taken in the Korea, leaving the coast on that date.

Captain Whiting was in Honolulu during the war in command of the monitor Monterey, and the length of his stay here caused some trouble for him after his arrival in Manila. Recently he has been in command of the receiving ship Independence at the Mare Island Navy Yard.

NO ALARM FOR THE MOHICAN

Although the Mohican is now out 55 days from Yokohama for Honolulu there seems to be no alarm felt for her by the Navy Department in Washington.

Mrs. Crowden, wife of the commander of the Mohican, resides in Victoria, British Columbia, and on hearing of the report of the vessel being overdue in Honolulu she telegraphed to the department in Washington and received a reply stating that no alarm was felt for the safety of the vessel in Washington.

It seems that the Mohican only carried a small amount of coal from Yokohama and that she was thus expected to use her sails and would be likely to have a long voyage to this port.

Canada's Great Hopes

NEW YORK, July 8.—At a meeting of the Hudson Bay Company, Lord Strathcona expressed the opinion, cables the London correspondent of the Tribune, that in another decade Canada would be able to supply the whole of the foodstuffs of the United Kingdom.

ANDREE WAS MURDERED

Killed by Eskimo In American Arctic.

WINNIPEG (Man.), July 5.—Rev. Dr. Ferlies, a Church of England clergyman, arrived from New York Factory, Northwest Territory, today and brings authentic information of the fate of the explorer Andree and his companions. Two years ago, 1890 miles north of York, a party of Esquimaux, under the leadership of "Old Husky," saw the Andree balloon alight on a plain of snow in that vicinity, which is about two miles north of Fort Churchill. Three men emerged from the balloon, and some of Husky's people approached out of curiosity. As they did so one of Andree's companions fired off a gun.

This is the signal to uncivilized people for battle. It is regarded as a challenge, and almost instantly the natives fell upon the three explorers and massacred them. Everything pertaining to their outfit was carried away to the homes of the natives on the northern borders of the Arctic region.

"Old Husky" himself gave this information to Ralph Alstine, agent for the Hudson Bay Company, and the story, after being investigated by Dr. Ferlies, was told by him today. He says that there is little room for doubt, as frequent reports have since come of strange implements which the northern natives have in their possession, a telescope being particularly described.

HOME RULE BOLTERS FORM THE HUI KUOKOA

Prince Cupid is at the Head of New Party Which was Launched After Kalaupapa's Ultimatum.

HUI KUOKOA, the non-partisan party, was launched last night at a meeting held in Foster's Hall, which drew together more than 100 young Hawaiians and a liberal scattering of haoles, every party being represented. The formation of the new organization was effected after a long discussion, committees were provided to look after enrollment and organization, a mass meeting was decided upon and Jonah Kalaupapa, Prince Cupid, was elected president of the party, subject to the ratification of a convention of the party, to be held later in the campaign.

While the actual birth of the party was a matter of a few moments only, the debates leading up to the complete rupture with Wilcox were heated and long, embracing as they did discussions of the last acts of Kalaupapa, historical sketches of the fateful midnight and midday conferences, the Senator's tears and blessings, an appeal from Makainai for more time, and a declaration from Prince Cupid that he would not lead his friends away, but for himself he never would again enter the Home Rule party. This was after the Prince had left the hall for a sufficient time to greet the ex-Queen, and it was commonly reported that he returned with her sanction to his fight against Wilcox.

When the meeting opened Bipi Kane, the veteran of the bolters, prayed for guidance in the shaping of the party which would lead the lahu. The first business was the reading of the report of the committee appointed at the meeting of Friday. This report sets forth that the committee had referred to Kalaupapa the demands of the bolters in five sections. They were: First, that Kalaupapa surrender the office of president; second, that the executive committee choose the temporary officers; third, that the organization of precinct clubs and minor organizations proceed under the existing committee; fourth, that a convention be called for a date six weeks distant, which should be apportioned on a basis to be fixed by the executive committee, and should have as its duties the revision of the constitution and the election of permanent officers; fifth, that Kalaupapa surrender to the executive committee all control of the party organ.

The report said that these proposals were received by a representative of Kalaupapa and that the only answer that the committee could get was a proposition that no action be taken until Thursday, when the committee

PEACE IN PHILIPPINES

Civil Rule Began On Fourth of July.

MANILA, July 6.—As a result of the proclamation of amnesty of July 4th the guard of American soldiers has been withdrawn from the house in which Aguinaldo lived in Manila, and Lieutenant Johnson, Aguinaldo's custodian, brought the Filipino today to see General Chaffee.

Aguinaldo was told that he was free to go anywhere he pleased, and Gen. Chaffee asked him if he had any complaint to make of American discourtesy or harshness. Aguinaldo replied that he had no such complaint to make. He told General Chaffee that he was going to visit friends at his home in Cavite Viejo, in Cavite province, and inquired what protection the American authorities would afford him. He seemed to be afraid to venture out. General Chaffee replied that Aguinaldo would get the same protection as any other citizen.

BOSTON, July 6.—Aguinaldo is coming to the United States and his departure from Manila for San Francisco is expected at any time. He will come direct to Boston to join his former secretary, Sixto Lopez, and will then start out on a tour, delivering a series of lectures on the conditions existing in the islands as he sees them, and make a plea for the independence of his countrymen.

would be given a statement of intention by Kalaupapa. This the committee did not feel able to do and so submitted the proposition to the meeting. The report was at once opened for discussion and there were two motions made affecting it, one that the extension be granted and the other that the report be tabled and the committee discharged. Solomon Meheula led in the favoring of the former course, being followed by John Emmeluth, while Senator Kanuha and Bipi Kane were the most outspoken in favor of immediate action.

John Wise, explaining the committee's action, told how the points he brought out were framed and sent during the morning to Kalaupapa. Makainai was the representative of the president of the party and after a long discussion told the committee that delay must be had. The committee would forbear recommendations. Kanuha declared that there was no chance for reconciliation, that the old line men still called the bolters "kids" and would continue to declare that if this time was granted there would be no difficulty in handling the party afterward. Bipi Kane argued that it was time to come out as men and act. He said after the treatment of the past it was impossible to go back.

A. S. Mahaulu said that when the bolters left the convention they did so with the intention of following the leadership of Prince Cupid. To make concessions for return now would be repudiation of the Prince. The duty of the hour was to form a party and go forward, if to victory, with flying colors; if to defeat, with clean hands. Emmeluth said the state of affairs was grave and a few days would not mean much. He suggested that Makainai be heard, to which Bipi Kane objected. Makainai made an appeal for peace, saying that there was no time now to split, and urging that the request for delay until Thursday meant only time for consideration, not an answer on the merits. He said it was the interests of the people at stake and personal matters should not be permitted to enter.

Nakookoo followed with a declaration that the whole thing was a ruse. Wilcox and Kalaupapa were men of one mind today and another tomorrow. He knew that they would not give any decided answer then. Andrews urged immediate organization, but Emmeluth argued that while he did not think there would be any result of the wait, to give the time and receive the refusal of terms, would put the onus for the break upon the other party. This would strengthen the young men's party. To refuse to await the answer would give the other side a club.

Senator Kanuha moved that a committee on organization and enrollment be named, and organization be proceeded with at once. He asked if the young men wanted to be fooled by Kalaupapa a hundred times. Wise then moved the report of the committee be tabled and the committee discharged. These motions were passed, as was that of Kanuha that the committee be appointed.

Prince Cupid, speaking rapidly and confidently, said that when he entered politics he did so with the idea that he would be able to lead the people into the full realization of the benefits and rights of American citizenship. He wanted to see organized a movement which would be non-partisan, in which both Republicans and Democrats, the best elements of both parties, could come. He said there must be no more of the Legislatures which had been disgracing Hawaii in the past. The best men must be put up and the only way to do this was to have a party entirely without affiliations as to the old party lines. He said there was no organization and what must be done was to arrange this preliminary and select a name. There was some sentiment in favor of a committee working on this, but the fact that this is steam-roller day was effective for immediate action. Young People's Hawaiian party, Aloha Aloha Hawaiian party, Hawaii Holomua, and finally Hui Kuokoa, the latter from Cupid, were suggested, and the last one adopted with cheers for the title.

Chairman Pikanala named as the committee on organization the following: Messrs. Meheula, Mahaulu, Keohokale, Andrews, Ewaliko, Kaakaula and Kakaopili. On constitution and by-laws he named the following: John Wise, John Emmeluth and A. S. Mahaulu.

There were several strong speeches in favor of immediate organization and the sending of enrollment—blanks throughout the islands today.

C. A. Long nominated Prince Cupid for permanent president of the new party, but accepted the amendment that the selection be ratified by the convention of the party when held. Cupid was chosen amid cheers, and on taking the chair said that he hoped it would be remembered that this move-

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THE KING IS BETTER

He May Have to Be Operated on Again.

LONDON, July 8.—The bulletin regarding the condition of King Edward, posted at Buckingham Palace at 10 o'clock this morning, says:

"The King's progress is all that can be desired. (Signed)

"TREVES, 'LAKING, 'BARLOW."

NEW YORK, July 7.—A cable to the Mail and Express from London says: Immediately after the coronation the King will undergo another operation, or, at least, a searching examination. The primary cause of the ulcer yet remains undiscovered, and it is feared the removal of the vermiform appendix may be necessary.

LONDON, July 7.—King Edward will be crowned between August 11 and August 15. His recovery has been so rapid and satisfactory that the above decision was arrived at today. No official announcement of the fact has yet been made. The pageant through the streets and the ceremony at Westminster Abbey will be much curtailed from the original plan. Their majesties will drive from Buckingham Palace through the Mall to Whitehall and thence to the Abbey, the same route as taken at the opening of Parliament.

FUGITIVE TRACY KILLS MORE MEN

SEATTLE, July 8.—Murderer Tracy and his companion Anderson have left their Whitehall boat at the extreme head of Miller's Bay after journeying from Port Madison, and are headed into the forest. The boat was found stowed away in a clump of bushes. Sheriff Cook with a posse left Port Madison this morning for Miller's Bay. Tracks of two men have been found leading into the forest.

SEATTLE, July 3.—This has been a red letter day in the erratic career of Tracy. He killed Policeman Breese and fatally wounded Neil Rowley in the city limits, after having murdered Deputy Sheriff Charles Raymond and probably fatally wounded Deputy Sheriff John Williams of King county early in the day. When the pursuers caught sight of him he had a commanding figure in a clump of trees and fired five true shots from his Winchester. The Governor has offered a reward of \$500 and has sent two companies of militia to aid the posse. A \$5000 reward offered in this city today for the dead body of the merciless murderer caused 500 men armed with Winchester to start in pursuit.

Tracy's story that he killed his partner, David Merrill, by shooting him twice in the back is fast gaining credence.

Following are the men killed by Tracy: Penitentiary Guard S. R. T. Jones. Penitentiary Guard B. F. Tiffany. Cavalier Frank Ingraham. His partner, David Merrill (doubtful). Deputy Sheriff Charles Raymond. Policeman Breese. Those wounded are as follows: Chief Deputy Sheriff Jack Williams (probably mortally). Reporter Carl Anderson (flesh wound on arm). Reporter Louis Selfert (flesh wound on face) and Neil Rowley.

Fear a Volcano.

GUTHRIE, Okla., July 8.—Great excitement has been caused at Tulsa, I. T., owing to the discovery by surveyors working north of that place, of cracks in the sides of mounds, as though from great pressure underneath. Gas is escaping from the fissures and a continual hissing and roaring can be heard. On the extreme top of the highest hill there has been a small volcano at work raising up large boulders and tossing them aside. Experts state it is a great oil and gas field and that pressure from a great depth has caused the commotion. The inhabitants of Tulsa are becoming nervous over the state of affairs.

NICARAGUAN REVOLUTION

PANAMA, July 7.—Government advices received here from Nicaragua are to the effect that a revolutionary expedition of over 1000 men has landed near Bluefields, Nicaragua, and has been joined by a large number of Conservatives. The landing of this expedition is said to be the beginning of a strong movement against the government of President Zelaya. Such a movement would be of much benefit to Colombia. It is believed, in that country's difficulties with its revolutionists, as it would prevent help reaching the Colombian liberals on the isthmus from Nicaragua.

WORKING ON CABLE LANDING Station Will Be Erected at Once.

WORK upon the preparations for the landing of the Pacific cable began Saturday. Workmen began to clear the trees at the site fixed upon by the acting manager, Mr. Dickinson, and the erection of the cable house will be rushed along as rapidly as possible thereafter. While there is no reason for having the landing complete at once there is a desire to have everything in shape and tested long before the sea line arrives.

The landing house will be a small one story cottage of two rooms. The main apartment will be the cable landing room proper. There will be stone foundations for the instruments, and altogether there is to be a most substantially built office, which on emergency may be used for the operating room. There will be every arrangement for the making of tests and the room will represent the changing of the sea cable to the shore end for conducting to the office.

The second room will be arranged for the purpose of furnishing a room for the residence of the operators in case there may be a break in the shore end which makes it necessary to send the men to the sea terminus. There will be ample room for batteries and the apartment will furnish a home for a couple of men at any time their presence is needed at that end. The cable house will set close to the seashore and will be a very ornamental little structure.

There promises to be considerable delay in the matter of the completion of the land line for the cable service. There has been placed for the use of the company an order for three inch pipe, the kind which is ordinarily used for water supply, which will be used as the casing in which will be placed the cables for the connection between the sea end and the city offices. This insures freedom from induction and makes the cables absolutely perfect. The cables to be used will be the Standard cables, those cased in lead coverings, the type to be laid here containing four conductors. It is probable that for the purpose of securing an adequate reserve of power there will be laid in the pipes three of these cables.

The application for the right to put down the underground system is not yet filed with the Department of Public Works for the reason that the streets which it may be desired to use are not fully completed. For instance it may be the ultimate desire to put down the cable on the extension of Queen street, and as this is not yet finally settled there will be some time lost before the decision regarding it is made. Consideration of the Ala Moana has been given and in the event of the failure to get the privilege of coming down Queen street the seaside route may be followed. The entrance into the business portion of the city will make necessary an excavation and the trenching may cost heavily, owing to the fact that the coral comes very close to the surface of the street. All of these conditions will be studied by Mr. Dickinson and as soon as the city office has been selected there will be immediate steps for the choosing of the route for the cable system.

SENATORS WILL BE ENTERTAINED

Honolulu will welcome the members of the subcommittee of the United States Senate Committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rico when they come, and provide for their entertainment and assist in the carrying out of any plans for the securing of information, according to the discussion which is now taking form. The action of the Home Rulers in forming a committee which will demand rights and privileges and future independence, promises to result in the taking up of the matter by business men.

Col. Cornwell, national committee-man of the Democratic party, will bring up the matter with the idea of having the organization take part in a nonpartisan reception to the guests. With the Republican committee-man, Col. Parker, the Princes and some representative business men, the committee, according to the idea of Col. Cornwell, would be so thoroughly representative that a public reception, with an address to the people, would have no color of partisanship.

While the matter has not gone farther it is likely that it will be taken up by some of the business bodies for action soon.

Kilauea Smoking Up.

Kilauea is active again, according to the report brought Saturday by the Kilauea. About 7 o'clock Thursday evening there was an explosion down in the crater and a dense cloud of black smoke was emitted to a height of hundreds of feet. Previous to that the smoke had almost died down, and the fresh explosion was rather a surprise to the guests at the Volcano House.

The somewhat novel use of balloons for hydrographic surveys has been tried at the suggestion of two French engineers. It is well known that shallows and rocks in water can be seen from an elevated point directly above them, and the aeronaut soaves much time by picking out the shoals on dangerous coasts. These spots are then further studied by the usual soundings.

LEPERS SHOW NO CAUSE FOR CHANGE

Board of Health Visits Settlement and Residents Offer Neither Protest Nor Petition.

HOW long it has been since there occurred a visit of the Board of Health to Kalaupapa without a deputation of the leper residents appearing to enter protests or request improvements is a question that cannot be answered, for the memory of man runs not to the contrary. Yet this was the case with the visit of the five members which was made Saturday. A visit which covered the entire round, included inspections of every public institution and participation in the enjoyments, was made and the return brought the tourists back to the city before the coming of Sunday.

President Sloggett, Dr. C. B. Cooper, Dr. Moore, Attorney General Doie, E. A. Mott-Smith, and Executive Officer Pratt, in charge, made up the members of the party officially inspecting the only guests being Justice Perry of the Supreme Court, who went to examine candidates for admission to the bar; W. O. Smith, who had business with persons in the settlement, and reporters. The absence of the usual crowd of visitors made it possible for the officials to get through their work easily and early, and the examination of the water supply, the sources of the firewood, the two plantations, the institutions such as the Baldwin and Bishop Homes, and the Bayview Hospital, was made thoroughly and at a very early hour. Medical examinations of the applicants for relief and of accounts and methods filled the later hours, and after cheering the dwellers by looking on and participating in their sports, the return was made leaving the settlement at 6 o'clock.

Two points attracted the attention of the visiting officials, the changes which are being made in the management of the settlement by the new superintendent, McVeigh, who is proving himself the right man for the place, and the scientific data which is being collected by Dr. French, a young man equipped with scientific education and possessing the enthusiasm of youth for original research. The principal change which is being urged by the superintendent is the consolidation of the settlements, the residents of Kalaupapa being placed in new homes at Kalaupapa. While on the face this appears to be a hardship and there was presented to the board a petition signed by 100 residents of Kalaupapa, the fact that there would be less of hauling, better service, better accommodations in every way, has commended itself to some of the officials. The same view is taken of the plans of the Superintendent for the removal of all those residents of Pauhi, across the stream mauka of the main settlement.

Closer business methods commend themselves to Supt. McVeigh and he is producing results all along the line. By the introduction of better service he has cut the cost of maintenance at the Baldwin Home nearly 40 per cent, and as the sanitary features of the present system of permitting the inmates to make each dormitory a dining room do not commend themselves to him, the change to the common use of the refectory is expected to make another substantial saving. The same is true of his methods of handling the supplies, and even greater reforms will be instituted, one of the proposed changes being the introduction of a small engine to handle freight, where now often there is a charge of \$150 a cargo of supplies for handling.

Dr. French is engaged upon one investigation which while it may take months to reach a stage which would make its results apparent, will afford to the world the very first accurate knowledge of the pathological effect of the use of the tincture of opium. Dr. French has been giving the drug to a number of patients in all a dozen having started its use, but owing to its action there is now only a half that number continuing it. This is not the first time that the drug was tried, once before it having been served to patients, but the rumor having spread that it was simply an effort on the part of the haole to poison the Hawaiians, so that there would not be much work caring for them, it was found that the remedy was not being given a fair trial. This time the six who are sticking to the drug are keeping a careful diary account of the symptoms which follow the taking of each dose of the drug. The first dose given was twenty drops, and this has been increased to six drachms. There is a visit made by the physician each day and his record is made as full and complete as it can be, so that there will be afforded an absolute basis for estimating the value of the treatment. It will be at the very least three months before the experiment shall have reached a point where the records have weight.

There were only three petitions brought before the board during its visit. That bearing upon the removal of the Kalaupapa settlement was the one of real importance, although there may be fighting in the future over the conditions revealed by the second. This was a petition signed by Kahale and Holoipani, asking for a license for the sale of awa. The petition sets forth that there is no licensed place for such sale and the Hawaiians are now engaged in drinking swipes (when they can get it), a nasty mixture of sour potatoes and hops, very low in alcohol, and in the chewing of such awa as is found. The applicants believe it would be in the interests of sobriety that there be a place for the sale of well prepared goods and say the Hawaiians regard awa as medicine. There is a feeling that there should be a local beer license for Kalaupapa, owing to

the belief expressed by some that anything that would be instrumental in doing away with the bad liquids drunk would be for the health of the people. Several inmates when asked about the matter said that some were preparing to make such application.

Most of the swipes that is brought into the settlement comes over the Pali. There are no guards there as formerly and the patients go over the pass and secure the swipes, bringing it back at night. In this way the natives escape detection, though generally their absence is noted and they suffer later. Another petition, signed by thirteen residents, asks for the privilege of bringing into the settlement new horses. The census shows that there are 1230 animals there. Of this number 241 are milk cows and 446 other bovines. There are 352 horses and 161 burros and mules. Of this number a little more than two-thirds belong to the board. All of the petitions will be considered here.

Despite the many charges and counter allegations against Judge Nathaniel Justice Perry said that he had nothing to investigate, owing to the fact that nothing of this kind was official. He gave his time to the examination of the applicants for license, E. A. Mott-Smith of the board assisting. There were six of these, one a woman. After some examination the Justice addressed the applicants, saying that he did not think under the statute any of the number should be permitted to practice, yet owing to the necessity for officers of the court to appear before it he would advise the judge to issue permits to four persons to make appearance for litigants. These are Ambrose Hutchinson, who was too ill to appear in court or to be seen by the visitors, Messrs. Pierce, Kanekau and Makakoa.

There were six persons cited for examination before the medical members of the board. Of this number three, two children and one man, he a kokua whose wife died recently, were found clean and may go, though the man does not so wish. The three who must stay are a woman whose husband recently was expelled, and who wants to join him, he having been there as kokua to her; another, an old native man, a kokua who had contracted the disease, and the last, a little child, who was listed as having the disease.

The members of the board made an special examination of the food supplies, owing to the charges of R. W. Wilcox that the salmon furnished is rotten. The salmon was tasted by each member of the party and found to be of the very best quality. A leper seen later and questioned about the charges said that there was seldom any complaint about the food, although sometimes the supplies became old and then the residents called the attention of the authorities to it and the result always was an immediate destruction of the articles. The same authority said that during some fifteen years of residence he had never before found a time when there was more general satisfaction with conditions.

Leper planters are being urged by Superintendent McVeigh to put in crops of sweet potatoes and promised a ready market at one cent a pound for the tubers. There will be a fair area planted to this food soon, and the ration will be varied by the serving of this food. There may be soon inaugurated a fishing service. There was a week ago a school of fish caught off the settlement which netted to the fishermen some 10,000 pounds of fish. The board may put in boats and nets and keep a number of men at work all the time fishing.

The Baldwin Home has now 123 inmates, and capacity for twenty-five more; the Bishop Home has ninety-one and could take 120, and the Bayview Home for the helpless, forty, with rooms for nearly twice as many.

W. O. Smith, who has been a frequent visitor, made a trip about the settlements. He said that he could see a constant improvement in the condition of the homes and looked for even greater improvement. He saw several gardens which would enter into his calculations when the time came for the awarding of prizes for the best kept yards. He urges the planting of fruit trees.

Dr. Sloggett said that he was greatly pleased with the conditions as he saw them from his village cart, and with the stories of the people he met. Dr. Moore visited Mr. and Mrs. Babcock and asked if there was anything that the people would like, and was told that everything was being done that could be, except perhaps the addition of a service of delivery of milk and other necessities to people who were confined to their homes by illness.

The board asked publicly if there were any complaints and the people gathered said that there were none.

The races ran on the straight-away track of a half mile were won by Alapai, Naomi and Maria Malia. Justice Perry won from Dr. Cooper, second, and Dr. Moore, third, they racing the horses they had been riding during the day with one exception. The race was a sweepstakes, the winner contributing the entire amount to the sports fund of the lepers. There was a large crowd out and every one enjoyed the sport fully. The baseball game was a lively one, the Kalaupapa team being ahead at the end of the eighth inning, when the Ke Au Hou left.

Superintendent McVeigh came down with the board, as did Emil Lil, an assistant at the Baldwin Home, who has been working among the lepers for seven years.

(Continued on Page 3)

PLANNING EXHIBIT AT ST. LOUIS

Organization for General Fair Purposes.

A PERMANENT organization for the Louisiana Purchase Exposition was effected yesterday and the plans for Hawaii's representation at the big St. Louis fair will soon be under way. The men in charge of the larger project will also endeavor to arrange for an exhibit of Hawaii's resources at the exposition to be held in Osaka, Japan, next year. The committee is endeavoring to prepare an exhibit at the Japanese exposition which can also be used for the St. Louis fair and thus save the expense which two separate displays would entail.

The meeting for organization was held yesterday morning in the Chamber of Commerce rooms. H. E. Cooper, as chairman, called the members to order. The first work of the meeting was the election as members of the executive committee of the representatives reported from the other islands. From Hawaii there were J. T. Moir, J. D. Paris and A. L. Lousimon, and from Maui, A. N. Kepokai, D. D. Baldwin and R. C. Searle. Kauai has not reported as yet.

The work of permanent organization was then begun with the nomination by F. A. Schaefer of W. G. Irwin for chairman. He was unanimously elected. F. A. Schaefer, C. M. Cooke, J. P. Cooke and F. W. Macfarlane were all nominated for vice chairman, and all withdrew. Finally C. M. Cooke was persuaded to remain as first vice chairman and F. W. Macfarlane as second vice chairman. The necessity for such officials, it was suggested at the meeting, was likely to arise during the time of preparation for the exposition, through the absence or incapacity of the chairman or first vice chairman.

Mr. Irwin stated regarding the nomination for secretary that there had already been a large number of applicants for the place, on the understanding that it was to be a salaried one. He said he was not in favor of paying a big salary to a secretary for a long time and eating up the money which might go into the display. He finally placed in nomination James G. Spencer with the understanding that when within a few months of the opening of the exposition a salaried secretary should be employed, the directors to vote the present secretary what remuneration they saw fit. Upon motion Mr. Spencer's election was made unanimous. At this point Mr. Cooper resigned the chair in favor of Mr. Irwin.

W. O. Smith then moved that the officers be made the executive committee, he voicing his belief that a large committee would not do as much work as a smaller one. Mr. C. M. Cooke then moved the election of Mr. Smith as treasurer, and he, with the other four officers, will constitute the executive committee. This committee will have power to appoint sub-committees and is to report from time to time to the general committee. Mr. Smith suggested the appointment of Allan Herbert in his place, as having always taken a great interest in the agricultural and industrial development of Hawaii, but Mr. Herbert demurred and Chairman Irwin suggested that Mr. Herbert would be given plenty of work on sub-committees.

WHAT IS WANTED OF HAWAII. The following letter from the St. Louis Commission was then read as illustrating what sort of exhibit is desired of Hawaii:

St. Louis, U. S. A., May 21, 1902.
Honorable Henry E. Cooper,
Honolulu, Hawaii.

Dear Sir:—An International Exposition of great importance to the United States will be held in St. Louis to celebrate the Centennial Anniversary of the purchase of the Louisiana territory. The Congress of the United States has stamped its approval upon this great undertaking by appropriating \$5,000,000, and the City of St. Louis has contributed the magnificent sum of \$10,000,000 to aid in its installation in a manner commensurate with its great mission.

With these munificent contributions the Exposition Company has undertaken the trust confided to it, and is actively at work on a plan and scope that will eclipse all previous expositions.

Realizing the world-wide significance of the event—the stateliest epoch in the Nation's history—the projectors of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, in commemoration thereof, have planned it up on lines of corresponding magnitude. The plan and scope of the Exposition are succinctly but without elaboration, set forth in the enclosed leaflet.

To make the Exposition worthy of the Nation, and worthy of the great event it is designed to commemorate, we must have the aid and support of our island possessions, as well as that of the states and territories, and we therefore urge you to give us your assistance and cooperation in getting Hawaii into line.

We confidently assume that Hawaii will have not only a building of her own, but also an exhibit of such character and scope that it will be one of the great features of the Exposition.

We want to secure an exhibit of the Territory's resources, native products, historical relics, works of art, etc. As this island is one of our new possessions, it is naturally interesting to every American, and no doubt an exhibit can be made that will be both interesting and instructive, not only to our people, but to foreign visitors to this great International Exposition.

Participation by Hawaii will also be of financial advantage to her people; it will add to the National pride of the United States to see her riches exploited; it will contribute materially to the development of the Territory and it will be made of benefit to the world at large. The richness of Hawaii and its value to the United States and to the world for future business development are scarcely to those who are most familiar with the country.

We look the representation of Hawaii, as well as an exhibit of her products and her achievements, we want her building to be conspicuous in the galaxy, and we want her native sons and daughters to swell the pages of our National greatness.

We trust this matter will meet with your ready cooperation, and would thank you to give it your ready reply.

It is our earnest desire to secure rather more personal information regarding any feature of this Exposition, or its development and programs. I would be pleased to give it to you upon application.

Yours sincerely,

CHAS. M. BREWER,
Secretary, Committee on Legislation,
THE JAPANESE EXPOSITION.

A letter was also read from M. Saito, Japanese Consul, inviting an exhibition at Osaka, Japan, and the suggestion met with instant favor. It was suggested by W. O. Smith that this was important to the Territory and that the aid of prominent Japanese could be secured in support of the project. He further argued that the exhibit sent to Japan in 1903 could be refurbished and used as a part of Hawaii's display at St. Louis the following year. Mr. Irwin said that the citizens would be assessed pretty heavily by the two fairs, and he deemed it wise not to do too much until it is known how much money the Legislature will appropriate. It was finally decided to leave the matter to the executive committee of five for investigation.

There was some discussion also as to a name for the organization, and a suggestion that it be made permanent. The names "General Exposition Association," "World's Fair Association," etc., were mentioned but none decided upon. A tender was received from F. J. Amweg on behalf of the Builders' Exchange of the free use of the rooms of that association for the permanent headquarters of the fair committee. This matter, as well as the question of name, was referred to the executive committee, and adjournment was taken subject to the call of the chair.

Mrs. Charles Richardson, wife of the late Charles Richardson of Hilo, arrived Saturday via the Kilauea and will make her home with her sister, Mrs. August Ahrens. She is accompanied by her daughter.

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A CURE FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT

Summer complaint is unusually prevalent among children this season. A well developed case in the writer's family was cured last week by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy—one of the best patent medicines manufactured and which is always kept on hand at the home of every family. This is not intended as a free puff for the company, who do not advertise with us, but to benefit little sufferers who may not be within easy access of a physician. No family should be without a bottle of this medicine in the house, especially in summer-time.—Lansing, Iowa, U. S. A., Journal. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

NOTES FROM MAINLAND

The Queen and Her Plans—Wireless Dreams.

(Special to The Advertiser.)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 8.—Former Queen Liliuokalani returns on the steamship China to her beloved Hawaii, accompanied by the young Hawaiians who compose her unpretentious suite. The Queen has been at the California Hotel for several days, and is understood to be in fair health. She has refused all requests for interviews made by reporters and correspondents, and has secluded herself while at the hotel.

In my last letter I mentioned that I had been told the Queen had small hopes of receiving anything from Congress for her crown lands claim. I believe my informant spoke without knowledge, as I was assured yesterday by an intimate of the Queen that she feels certain that the visit of the Congressional investigating committee to Hawaii this summer will result in her getting a large appropriation.

I understand that the Queen will entertain the junketing congressmen in royal fashion, and while making it plain that her fortunes are at a low ebb for a former monarch, yet will spare no expense to impress the visitors with her generous hospitality, and with the charms of the islands.

Robert Wilcox is friendly with one or two of the delegation and will also assist the members in their investigations of conditions. Wilcox told me when he was here that he looked for big things to grow out of the committee's report, and that he believed the Dole administration would be censured despite President Roosevelt's unqualified approval of the Governor's conduct of his office.

QUEEN IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Of the Queen's visit in San Francisco the Chronicle says:

Former Queen Liliuokalani of Hawaii arrived here from the East yesterday morning and is a guest at the California Hotel. She has been in Washington during the last several months endeavoring to persuade Congress that the United States government ought to pay her for the crown lands of Hawaii taken by it or restore them to her possession. The only action taken that has any bearing on the claim of the former monarch was the adoption of a resolution by the Senate, directing the Senate Committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rico to visit the islands during the recess of Congress and to investigate, among other matters, various questions pertaining to the crown lands. The resolution directs the committee to ascertain the area, condition, quality and value of the lands, the rents and other proceeds received therefrom since January 17, 1893; whether or not the former Queen now possesses any legal or equitable title or interest in the same, and whether she has any claim against the United States by reason of having parted with her title to the property.

Queen Liliuokalani is informing her friends that she is satisfied the Senate committee's investigation will establish her claim to the lands in dispute, which include some of the most valuable sugar plantations in the islands. She will sail for the islands on the steamer China next Tuesday.

FAKE WIRELESS RUMOR.

It is stated by a leading mining weekly that John D. Spreckels will connect San Francisco and Hawaii by wireless telegraphy, and that he has experts now at work planning the system. It is said that so strongly is he convinced of the feasibility of the scheme he is "refused to take any stock in the proposed cable to Honolulu." This statement must mean that he took no particular interest in the cable laying, for it is not likely that he was asked to take any shares in the enterprise as John W. Mackay has plenty of money to finance the cable, and besides the rich Commercial Cable Company is back of it.

Undoubtedly Spreckels takes a deep interest in wireless telegraphy, and there is probably truth in the assertion that he will try to reach Hawaii with the system. Just now, however, Spreckels is so involved in political and business worries that he can have no time for minor things. Governor Gage is suing him for criminal libel for articles published in the San Francisco Call, which Spreckels owns, his brothers are fighting him in the courts, and Oceanic stock is greatly depressed.

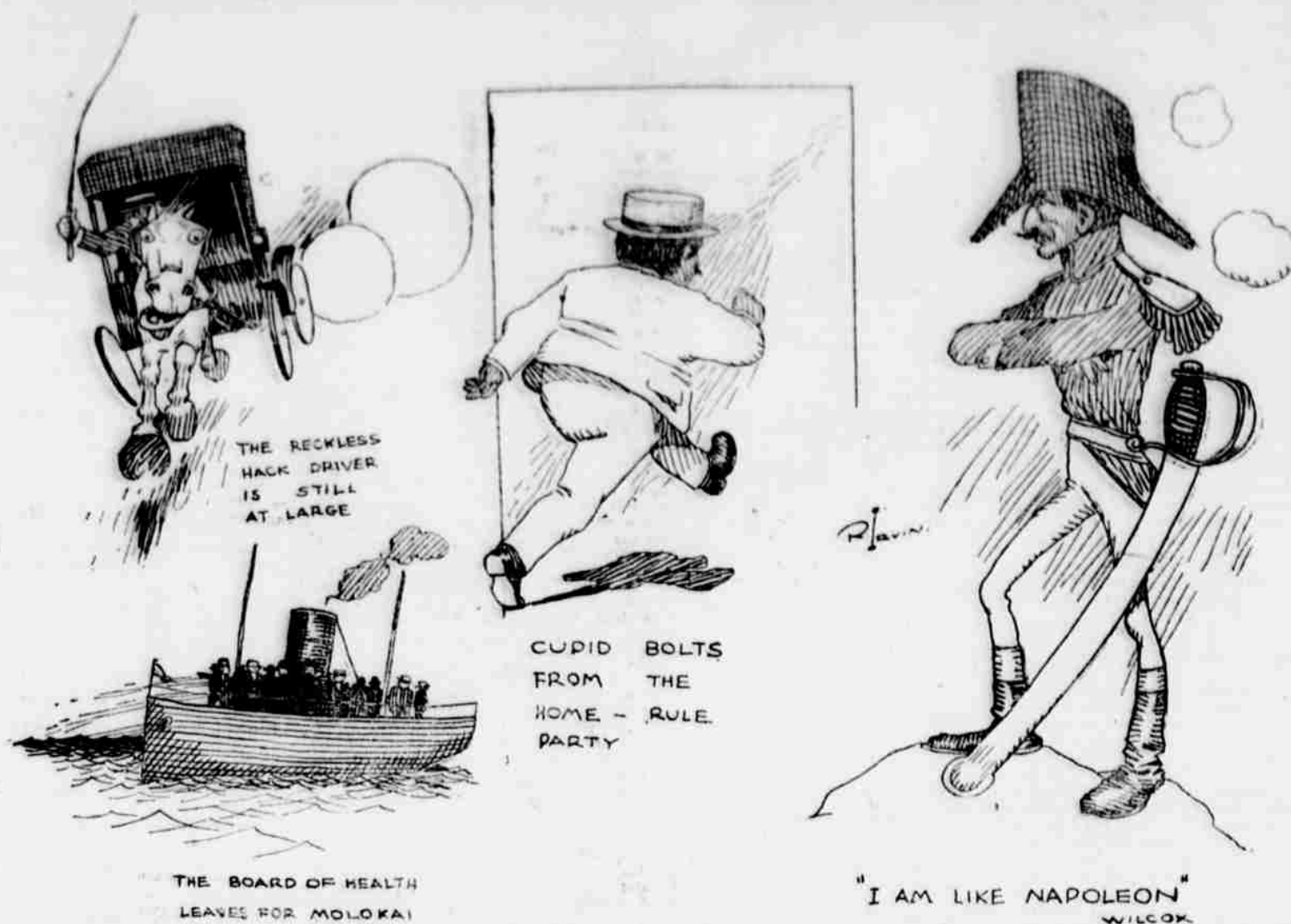
Solid for Schley.

BATON ROUGE, La., July 3.—The Louisiana Senate, by a unanimous vote, today passed a bill debarring all historians from the public schools of this state that do not give Admiral Schley credit for the naval victory at Santiago de Cuba on July 3, 1898, which resulted in the destruction of the Spanish fleet. The bill had previously passed the House and was promptly signed by the Governor. The new law makes it obligatory on the part of the State Board of Education to examine all histories and furnish lists of taboos works to parish superintendents of education. The State Board is also empowered to select the histories that shall be used. A heavy penalty is imposed on teachers who violate the law in their schools.

Chamberlain Hurt.

LONDON, July 7.—The Colonial Secretary, Joseph Chamberlain, was somewhat severely cut on the head as a result of a cab accident in Whitehall today. The Secretary's hansom was passing through the Canadian arch when the horses slipped and Chamberlain was precipitated forward with great violence. His head struck against the glass front of the cab. When extricated it was seen that Chamberlain's head was badly cut and bleeding profusely. Chamberlain was taken to Charing Cross Hospital, where his injuries were dressed.

PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE WEEK



A MECHANIC'S PERIL

HE SAVED HIMSELF WHEN OTHERS WERE POWERLESS TO HELP.

E. J. Winn Had a Narrow Escape While Working at the Sedgwick Machine Works—The Account as He Gave it to a Reporter.

E. J. Winn, a machinist in the employ of the Sedgwick machine works, at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., had a narrow escape, but saved himself by his own efforts. He told the story to a reporter as follows:

"I had been working here for eleven years," he said, "without even a week's time to spend in rest. It was all right till a year ago, when I began to lose flesh and to experience a severe pain in the right side. My appetite was fair but I could eat only the plainest of food and not heartily of that. My weight was reduced to 118 pounds.

Besides the pain, which was very sharp at times, I could not stoop over without being dizzy when I stood erect again, and my blood was thin and watery. I employed physicians who said I was suffering from indigestion. I did not obtain any material relief and, as a friend suggested that I should try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, I did so.

"The result is very evident. I noticed a little improvement by the time the first box had been taken. I persisted, and continued till four boxes had been taken. This was about a year ago. I have had no return of the trouble; I am back at my normal weight of 132 pounds and a feeling well and strong. If anything I can say about the remedy will do any good to others who are afflicted as I was, I am glad to say it, for there is no doubt that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People cured me."

Mr. Winn lives at 208, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

GOV. DOLE AND THE SUFFRAGE

"Governor, what do you care to say of Delegate Wilcox's statement that, when in Washington, you said the Hawaiian franchise ought to be restricted?"

"I have never made any such statement," replied Governor Dole, emphatically. "While I was in favor of a limited franchise at the time I was on the Hawaiian Commission, when the Congress decided by the Organic Act that the franchise should be without property qualification, I accepted the settlement of this question and have never suggested a policy or effort for a further restriction thereof."

KITCHENER PRAISES BOERS

PRETORIA, July 7.—Lord Kitchener's valedictory to the troops, dated June 25, after extolling the conduct of the British officers in the face of great hardships and difficulties and against dangerous and elusive antagonists, commends the kindly and humane spirit displayed in all ranks, and concludes as follows:

"This message would be incomplete were no reference made to the soldierly qualities displayed throughout the campaign by our quondam enemies and the admirable spirit displayed in carrying out the surrender. Many of those who contended until the end have expressed the hope that they may have, in the future, an opportunity to serve side by side with his majesty's forces."

THREE MONTHS FOR A WOMAN-BITER

Another woman-biter fared ill yesterday morning in Judge Wilcox's court, and for the next three months, unless an appeal is taken, he will ruminate in Oahu Prison over the question as to whether or not it is a wise thing to do bodily harm to one of the weaker sex. Kawiaa Kahooloole, who assaulted Mary Victor, his consort, and also took a bite out of her left cheek, was given a sentence of three months at hard labor.

KAISER MEETS MORGAN.

Saw Each Other Three Times During Two Days.

BERLIN, July 6.—"I am not one of those who believe that we can learn nothing from other countries. I think we can learn something from all peoples and most from the Americans. We desire to know the things you do better than we and make them our own," said Emperor William to J. Pierpont Morgan.

"The United States has long been the debtor of Germany in science and German methods," replied Morgan. "I should be sorry to think we could not give something in return."

This is the fragment which began the long conversation between Emperor William and Morgan sitting on the deck of Morgan's yacht Cornaro Thursday. The talk took a wide range, from yachting, a common subject to both, to business. He mainly saw Morgan three times during two days.

PRESIDENT WILL ATTACK THE TRUSTS

OYSTER BAY, July 5.—It has been ascertained that the President's speech yesterday in reference to the trusts was merely a forerunner of determined efforts by him to have Congress take up that subject and enact definite legislation at its next session for the control or supervision of the trusts.

Recently the President and Attorney General Knox had a conference with Congressman Littlefield of Maine, at which Littlefield was invited to prepare a bill for the regulation and control of the trusts that will go before Congress with the endorsement and influence of the President back of it. The bill will be submitted at the beginning of the next session, but before this is done the President, Attorney General Knox and Littlefield will have frequent conferences as to the details.

In addition to this prepared action, the President is going to talk upon the trusts question a good deal on the several trips to be made by him in the fall.

He has announced to his friends that the question is a vital one and that he proposes to push it vigorously until some action is taken by Congress.

Theatrical Trust.

NEW YORK, July 7.—The Telegraph says: Charles Frohman and Maurice Grau, who have formed a copartnership in London and Paris, have perfected a far-reaching plan for a circuit of theaters on the Continent that in the beginning will embrace the various capitals and later the lesser cities. The same methods that have been used to organize and systematize the stage in the United States will be used in reorganizing the foreign stage.

Farmers' Institute.

The Farmers' Institute of the Territory of Hawaii will hold a meeting in the Y. M. C. A. Hall Monday evening, July 28. It is held at the time of the agricultural fair in order that those coming from the other islands to the fair may attend the institute. The possibility of the agricultural development of the islands will be the theme of several papers presented by men from different districts of the group. Jared O. Smith, president of the institute, will deliver an address on the scope of the work of the Farmers' Institute. Hon. Sanford B. Dole, Governor of Hawaii, has consented to give an address before the meeting if he is in town at that time. The society is already thoroughly organized and the two meetings that have been held have been very encouraging, the members taking a lively interest in the papers presented and the discussions which followed. The discussions form an important part of the program.

May Have Been Killed.

While the train of the Oahu Railway Co. was between Waiakua and Makai Ridge en route early yesterday morning to Honolulu, some of the passengers saw a sow and several little pigs running down the mountain side followed by a couple of hunters. Suddenly one of the hunters disappeared and, according to one passenger, he fell over the cliff. Another passenger thought it was his rifle which went over. No report of a casualty had reached the police department up to midnight.

The Notley Will.

The Hilo story about the Notley will is incorrect. The entire estate was not left to the niece, Mrs. Danforth, but it was put in trust, the income to be divided between the widow, the son William, the children of Chas. Notley Jr., the daughter Maria, wife of Thomas Hughes, the son David and the niece Edwin Notley. When all are dead the estate will be divided between the children in the same proportion. In the original will the homestead in Hawaii was given to the son David, not to Charles, but by codicil, executed a few days before death, the testator left it to the niece. The Hilo story was correct as to Charles Notley's codicil.

PEACE IN THE PHILIPPINES

WASHINGTON, July 3.—The President has formally declared the restoration of peace in the Philippines, and has placed the islands under complete civil control and has extended general amnesty to the Filipinos who have been in rebellion. These three things, marking one of the most important chapters in Philippine history, were accomplished through the issue of three separate orders and proclamations, one by the President over his own signature extending amnesty; one through Secretary Root, by the President's order, relieving General Chaffee from his duties as Military Governor, and a third, which takes the shape of a general order, addressed to the entire Army of the United States, in which Secretary Root takes occasion to express the President's high appreciation of the work it has accomplished both in Cuba and in the Philippines.

PEARL HARBOR CASES DISMISSED

Yesterday was a general cleaning up day in United States Court for the Pearl Harbor suits. When court opened in the morning Assistant United States Attorney Dunne presented orders for the discontinuance of the suits which were compromised during the week.

Orders for dismissal were signed by Judge Estee as to Bishop & Co., the Dowsett estate, H. estate, Honolulu Sugar Co., Chow Ah Foo and Oahu Sugar Co. As to W. G. Irwin default was entered, the defendant failing to appear after having been called three times by Marshal Hendry. An order was then signed by Judge Estee allowing W. G. Irwin the sum of \$1 for his interest in the land and the same amount for any improvements upon the property.

This leaves the court docket clear excepting as to the Honolulu Plantation Co., in which an appeal has been taken by both plaintiff and defendant. An appeal was allowed to plaintiff in the case of Hawaiian Tramways Co. vs. Honolulu Rapid Transit & Land Co. Judge Estee yesterday naturalized the following: Ernst A. G. Miller of Germany, Sheldrake C. Stibbard of Canada, Ricardo Perreira of Madeira Islands, and David Hall of England.

FRENCH TRI-COLOR WAVED YESTERDAY

France's tri-colored emblem floated over the Consular residence of Mons. Antoine Vismayou yesterday in honor of the celebration of the fall of the Bastille, and during the morning, afternoon and evening a large number of persons called to pay their respects. Owing to the recent volcanic disaster in Martinique the celebration in Honolulu, as in many other parts of the world, was not general, and the visitors were limited largely to the clergy of the French Mission, the brothers of the faculty of St. Louis College, French subjects and the intimate friends of the Consul.

At noon a lunch was given by the Consul to a few intimate friends, among them being Father Mathias, representing the Bishop of Panopolis, now absent on the Coast; Father Clement, Father Valentin, Senor Canavarro, the Portuguese Consul; Brother Bertram and Brother Thomas. Toasts were drunk to France, President Loubet, the Bishop of Panopolis and the Consul, and to the United States.

Last evening the Catholic Mission Band serenaded Mons. Vismayou and the honors of the Consulate were paid to the players.

WORKING TOWARDS A PANAMA CANAL

WASHINGTON, July 4.—Negotiations for the treaty between the United States and Colombia, by which we will acquire the right to build the Panama canal, will begin in about one week, Minister Concha of Colombia having conferred with Secretary Hay. Mr. Hay will not be in the city for the next few days and on his return the negotiations will begin. Minister Concha has been fully clothed with authority to proceed with the treaty. The main features of the treaty are pretty well settled, as the protocol signed some time ago was quite full in setting forth the prospective arrangement in case Congress acted favorably on the Panama route.

The amount to be paid Colombia for a relinquishment of exclusive rights to the United States will be \$7,000,000 in gold, payable on the exchange of ratifications of the treaty, and in addition Colombia is to receive an annuity at the end of fourteen years, to be determined by mutual agreement at that time. This annuity is expected to be \$600,000 a year.

State Department officials are gratified at the action taken in the French courts yesterday in nonsuiting an applicant who sought to challenge the soundness of the title of the new Panama Canal Company. This is regarded as simplifying the task the Attorney-General has undertaken of establishing the ability of the present canal company to transfer a sound title. The French government already has informed the State Department of its disposition to forward the transfer, so that small legal technicalities may be swept away.

Lost Chords of Solomon.

BOSTON, July 6.—Rev. Max Halpern, cantor of the Hebrew Congregation of Beth Israel of this city, has just unearthed a number of sacred tunes and airs of ancient Jewish composition, known as "The Lost Chords of Solomon." They are contained in some very aged manuscripts and have remained hidden because of the profound learning necessary to recognize and translate them. These newly discovered hymns, which are unquestionably of Solomon's time, exceed in excellence any more recent compositions and furnish evidence of the high attainments of the Jews of old. The key to the songs consists of the arrangement of accents above the letters of the text, and its discovery is a highly important one.

Bitten by a Shark.

ATLANTIC CITY (N. J.), July 6.—While bathing this noon at the end of Steeplechase pier, a quarter of a mile from the shore, Harry M. Spearman saw a dark object, which he thought was the body of a man. He dived after the object. The supposed dead man was an eight-foot shark. Like a flash it turned with open jaws and caught Spearman's left arm, making a deep wound.

Spearman was being dragged under when the life guard arrived and drove his sharp boathook into the fish like a harpoon. Spearman was pulled into the boat and the shark was killed after a fight.

Salisbury to Retire.

LONDON, July 5.—At the earliest possible moment Lord Salisbury contemplates retiring from public life. But that severance from the affairs of the empire which he has so long administered is not likely to come until after the coronation and it may possibly be still further delayed by now unforeseen reasons of state or politics. During the last few months the Premier has more and more detached himself from the cares of office.

Deaths in June.

The monthly report for June shows a total of but seventy-three deaths of whom seventeen were of infants. Of the total number of deaths, sixteen were due to constitutional diseases, fourteen of which were caused by tuberculosis. The death rate for the month was 1.85.

AFFECTS EVERY FISHERY CLAIM

Both Test Cases Are Decided in Favor of the Territory by Circuit Court.

THE fisheries of the Territory will pass into the possession of the United States without the payment of a dollar on the part of the local government if the decision made yesterday by Judge Humphreys in the two test cases is sustained on appeal.

The case of Samuel C. Damon vs. Territory of Hawaii, to establish the fishery right at Moanalua, was begun at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, Hatch and Marks appearing for plaintiff and Robertson as special counsel for the Territory.

The plaintiff put but one witness on the stand, the title to the land being admitted. The witness was Heu, a native 70 years of age, who testified that the various owners of the land had also enjoyed the fishing rights from the time of Kamehameha IV. This consisted in taking a portion of the fish or the money obtained for them by the owner. The fishing right was recognized also by the tabu put on the fishery the first three months of each year.

Mr. Robertson, after but a few questions, moved for a non-suit on the ground that the deed offered did not convey a fee simple or any title to the fishery, that the words of conveyance were not intended to apply to the fishing right, being a mere recitation of the fact there was a fishing right, but not conveying it. Mr. Hatch contested the motion and the jury was excused during the argument. The plaintiff contended that the claimant had a definite right to a portion of the public domain, which was an absolute right, the same as a homestead grant.

Judge Humphreys passed upon the question shortly after 2 o'clock, allowing the non-suit and dismissing the jury. He gave no reasons for the decision, simply stating "I will sustain the motion and direct a non-suit." The decision is based upon the ground that the royal patent did not in fact convey the fishery, simply stating that the "right" was attached to the land. The same ruling was made in the claim of the Bishop estate, in which the grant did not mention the fishing right. An agreed statement of facts is to be filed by Mr. Hatch later.

The decision of Judge Humphreys covers both classes of fishery cases and consequently affects seventy-six similar claims filed, in which the same questions are involved. The decision, if upheld, means that the Territorial Government will be able to turn over all the fisheries of the islands to the United States without any payment, it being the ruling of the court that the property owners had no title to the appurtenant fisheries, under the fishing law of the land.

Earthquake in Turkey.

LONDON, July 6.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Vienna says a severe earthquake shock was felt at Salonica, European Turkey, yesterday afternoon. According to the dispatch many houses were wrecked and there was much loss of life. Particulars of the disaster have not yet been received.

THE WEEK ON MAUI

Small Farmers See No Money in Fairs.

MAUI, July 12.—It will require several years to educate the average small farmer of Maui as to the advantages of sending his productions to an agricultural fair. He can not at present realize what a stimulus it will be to him to get away from his home district and to see his produce in the hands of the public. He is not at all anxious to get away from his home district and to see his produce in the hands of the public. He is not at all anxious to get away from his home district and to see his produce in the hands of the public.

In the program of exhibits there is no mention of ordinary field corn, and so one of the two principal products of the extensive Kula region is cut off. For Kula people raise little if any sweet corn.

Of course such men as E. H. Bailey of Wailuku and D. D. Baldwin of Haiku will endeavor to aid the Agricultural Fair as much as they can.

Mr. Bailey, who has twenty acres of land under cultivation in Makawao, will send specimens of squashes, watermelons, sweet corn, Irish potatoes, lemons, etc. Mr. Baldwin will probably send some large pineapples of the "smooth Cayenne" variety, and some alligator pears if they mature in time for the fair. Both watermelons and alligator pears have suffered much this season on Maui on account of the unusual amount of rain. Except in field corn and Irish potatoes, Maui cannot hope to rival Oahu.

A BIG DAY AT KOKOMO.

Sunday afternoon, the 6th, the quiet village of Kokomo, Makawao, was thrown into a state of excitement by the strange behavior of two of its well-known Portuguese residents. Enorme Ferreira and Plause de Souza, both fathers of large families, were staidly chatting and drinking wine together, when suddenly their faces began to grow black and their eyes to protrude from their sockets, and the men began to act as though possessed of a legion of devils. They rolled over and over, turned somersaults, tore up grass, bit the leaves of plants, and generally acted as though deprived of all sense and reason.

Their appearance was so shocking and their actions so frightful that Manuel Ferreira, the grown-up son of one of the men, fell into a death-like swoon which lasted for more than four hours, so long in fact that his life was despaired of, and Mrs. Plause de Souza also fainted away at the sight. Both the young man and the woman deny drinking any of the wine.

The two men continued in their strange state for two hours and did not recover until after every resident of the village had rushed to the scene. Is it another case of wood alcohol? The Makawao Sheriff will possibly send some of the liquid drunk by the men to Honolulu for analysis.

STRAY HAPPENINGS.

Deputy Sheriff Sam E. Kalama has recently captured and put out of the way twenty rabbits which were discovered in various places in Makawao. District Magistrate J. K. Josepa of Hana has resigned and J. H. S. Kalama has been temporarily appointed to take his place.

Yesterday, the 11th, at Lahaina, a suit was brought before Circuit Judge J. W. Kalua in chambers to cause the removal of Judge Josepa from office, giving as a reason his conviction before the Wailuku court of "criminal conversation," for which he was fined \$1 and costs. His resignation rendered the continuance of the case unnecessary.

Last evening, the 11th, a concert was given in the Hamakua native church. The musical program was one of unusual merit. Miss Couledege and Mr. H. W. Baldwin sang solos. The proceeds will be devoted to the construction of a Japanese Protestant church at Hamakua.

By Wednesday's steamer Mr. and Mrs. Arthur D. Baldwin, nee Williams, Miss Charlotte Baldwin and Fred C. Baldwin arrived on Maui and are at the home of their parents at Spreckelsville. A reception will be given Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Baldwin on the evening of the 11th at Spreckelsville.

Dr. Ed Armistead returned to Wailuku this week after an extended trip abroad.

Mrs. George Wright and Mrs. Wallace of Honolulu are the guests of their sister, Mrs. A. N. Kepikal, of Wailuku.

The baseball game scheduled for the afternoon of the 6th, to take place at Wells Park, Wailuku, between the Wailuku and Puunene, was postponed on account of the sickness of several members of the Puunene club. In its place was played a very interesting and closely contested match between the "married men" and "bachelors." George Cummings and William Searle were the catcher and pitcher for the bachelors and the two Kruger brothers of Morning Star fame were in the box for the single men. The married men won in the ninth inning. Score, 12 to 12.

Mrs. W. W. Gnodale of Wailuku, Oahu, has been at Archon cattle station, Kula.

Mrs. John Edmister and children are at the James Lindseys, Haiku.

Miss Agnes Fleming, a recent graduate of the Portland, Or., High School, has recently returned to her home at Grove Ranch, Paia.

Miss Mother of Honolulu is visiting at Hamakua.

Mrs. Holand Wilbur of Nanihiki is visiting her son at Kalahehi, Makawao.

A. H. Baldwin of Berkeley, Calif., has a fine baritone solo at the Paia Foreign church last Sunday, the 6th.

The evening of the 10th a dancing

PRATT COMPLAINS OF BEING DESERTED AT WASHINGTON

(Special to The Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 23.—The departure of Delegate Wilcox and Mr. Edward Cayless recalls Longfellow's oft quoted poem: "They folded their tents like the Arabs and silently stole away." Although they had talked about going for two or three weeks, when they really went there was no going around to say good bye or to advise people that their visit in Washington was at an end. From what is known here of their movements they will probably arrive in Honolulu about the same time as this letter. Mr. Pratt was in complaining mood today because Mr. Cayless had not remained to help him on the House side with the fire claims bill, but it is known that Mr. Cayless was anxious to get away to New York and see his mother, who has been very ill.

SUGAR BEETS.

Mr. Henry W. Dietrich, the United States Consul at Bremen, makes an interesting report to the State Department on "The Growings of Sugar Beets in Europe." He says:

"The late international sugar conference at Brussels reached an agreement to abolish sugar bounties, and the question of first importance for the moment in Germany is how soon and to what extent the proposed plan will be adopted by the Reichstag, now in session at Berlin. Though the Bundesrath, under the law of 1896, can abolish the sugar bounties, the consent of the Reichstag must be had for the reduction of the tariff. It is confidently hoped that the Brussels convention will be approved all round, and that a healthy readjustment of beet-sugar production to the market at home and abroad will ensue. The new legislation, 1902, but in view of that event and of the future increased cost of production, it was expected that there would be a large reduction in sowings already this year. Unusual interest centered on this question, and the reports gathered by the factories in the various sugar-beet countries were published a few days ago, showing the following results compared with previous years:

	1902-3.	1901-2.	1900-1.
Acreage, Acres.			
Germany	1,946,483.5	1,178,353.2	1,095,739.7
Austria	751,184	896,231.7	939,151.6
France	551,033	695,974.4	685,392.2
Russia	1,482,609	1,467,442.9	1,356,074.9
Belgium	129,480.4	170,400.2	170,128.4
Holland	78,083.6	120,090.6	112,877.8
Sweden	59,798.2	70,342	71,271.1
Denmark	35,794.7	37,065	34,564
Other countries	195,209	210,035	181,351.6

Total	4,332,651.4	4,845,935	4,546,630.3
Country—	Production of Boes.		
	1901, tons.	1900, tons.	
Germany	16,000,000	13,252,000	
Austria	8,945,000	7,408,000	
France	9,351,000	8,717,000	
Russia	8,305,000	6,406,000	
Belgium	2,569,000	2,463,000	
Holland	1,483,000	1,225,000	
Production of sugar.	Production of sugar per acre.		
	1901.	1900.	1901. 1900.
Germany	2,300,000	1,984,000	1.95 1.8
Austria	1,320,000	1,094,000	1.47 1.34

HILO HAD A FINE RACE MEETING ON ITS BIG TURF DAY

Horse affairs have taken a back seat since the return of the fanciers from Hilo, and there does not promise to be anything of moment doing until the Maui meeting in August. The failure of the first plans for a good meeting during the Merchants' Fair does not mean that there will be no racing then, but only that there will not be the great number of horses that it was intended to attract to the city. The plans for a gathering of the reinsmen at that time now seem to embrace a series of heats between driving horses, perhaps an exhibition or two, and if the horses are in condition a race which will bring together Sambo and some one of the really fast pacers in the city.

Hilo gave to admirers of horse racing some of the very best sport of recent years, and too much credit may not be given to George S. McKenzie for his enterprise shown in getting such animals for his half mile track at Hooulu. There was racing, the quality of which has not been exceeded here for some years. The race between Weller and Del Vista was a hot one, showing perhaps the quality of the mare, but leaving the horse in bad shape owing to the giving out of his legs, the mud being so sticky as to make the racing a strain. Had the two met under the conditions of the handicap with allowances, the mare carrying eleven pounds less than the horse, there could have been no other result. Weller was twenty pounds better than the mare in the going. Del Vista is a game animal and is owned and raced by game men, but while they did not expect her to win on the Fourth they must have seen from her work that she did not have the speed in her to make the stallion get out of the way.

Mollie Connors showed the form expected of her here, when she was beaten by Nuliah, which ran in a disappointing fashion. Mollie was in her element in the wet and showed the speed that should come with good form and good riding. Nuliah was thought to be better in the bad going and there was a bad drop in her, Mr. McKenzie's belief that she could win being of the kind that becomes contagious, and his

party was given in the rooms of the Hamakua kindergarten and was most thoroughly enjoyed by twenty-five or thirty Makawao young people. It was described to have been a good old

France	1,200,000	1,170,000	1,160,142
Russia	1,310,000	915,000	74,461
Belgium	350,000	333,000	2,621,155
Holland	200,000	175,000	1,841,133

"There is a decrease in acreage in Germany, Austria, France, Belgium and Holland, and a slight gain in Russia. The average shortage in this year's sowings is given at about 17 per cent, which is less than had been generally expected. It is reasonable to believe that the yield will improve year by year, through careful and scientific farming, and therefore we may look forward to another large crop this year. But even if there should be only a fair average, the 17 per cent decrease in sowings would not bring about such a diminution in the production of sugar as to relieve the present glutted market, especially if the United States and the cane-growing countries should increase their production. In other words, it is to be expected that the visible supply of sugar in the world on August 31 (the end of the European season), 1902, will continue to show an enormously overstocked market."

NEW CATTLE FOOD.

Mr. George Sawyer, the United States Consul at Antigua, makes a report to the State Department of the manufacture of cattle food from sugar cane in the West Indies. His statement is as follows:

"Experiments have been made by Mr. George Hughes, a director of one of the largest sugar estates in the British West Indies, which will result in the formation of a profitable industry in the manufacture of a new cattle food, to which the name 'molasses' has been applied. It is a composition of molasses and of the fiber of sugar cane. The fiber part of the sugar cane is digested and nutritious. The proportions of the composition are 80 to 85 per cent of molasses and 15 to 20 per cent of sugar cane. The composition is air dried and may be made by utilizing the gases from the factory furnace. When ready for the market, it presents the appearance of very finely ground oil cake. There is another preparation in use known as 'molasses meal' made from beet-sugar molasses and a vegetable matter, which sells at about \$32 per ton and has a very good demand. Molasses can be sold at about 20 per cent less and can be shipped in bags. As a by-product of sugar it might be of considerable value to planters, who would thus have two ways of disposing of molasses—in making rum and molasses. The matter has been brought before the board of agriculture, with a view of getting the preparation officially recognized, so that uniformity may be obtained. I have inquired of sugar planters, if they could afford to use bagasse for this purpose, in preference to utilizing it for fuel, and was told that only a very small portion—and that the finest part of the fiber—of bagasse was required in the preparation, and that it would not interfere to any extent with the use of bagasse as fuel. They also acknowledged its value as a food for cattle and as a new industry for the colonies."

ERNEST G. WALKER.

The Herald says: The recently elected officers of the Hilo Republican Club are: J. C. Ridgway, president; Dr. Milton Rice, first vice president; A. C. McKenzie, second vice president; C. N. Proulx, secretary; B. F. Schoen, treasurer; executive committee, J. U. Smith, R. T. Guard, W. Vannatta, Joseph Vierra and W. H. Little; judges of election, J. T. Stacker, J. D. Martin and Jim Martin.

THE FUNERAL OF PETER WHITMARSH

Prominent Hawaiian Who Died of Lock-Jaw Laid to Rest.

The rather sudden death of Peter Whitmarsh on last Saturday afternoon cast quite a gloom among the members of the St. Andrew's Cathedral choir, of which the deceased was a faithful and valued member. About two weeks ago Whitmarsh trod on a nail, which entered his left foot about an inch and a half. He and his family treated the wound, and everything seemed to be going along all right until last Wednesday, when symptoms of lockjaw set in and medical aid was summoned. This was of no avail and Mr. Whitmarsh passed away Saturday afternoon at half past 3 o'clock. The deceased was about forty years of age and was born in Kona, Hawaii. He had lived for a long time in Honolulu and was universally respected among Hawaiians. The funeral took place Sunday afternoon from St. Andrew's Cathedral and was largely attended. Among the floral tributes was one from the choir members. Rev. Canon Kite read the service and the choir sang two hymns, "The Grave Itself a Garden is," and "On the Resurrection Morning." Wray Taylor accompanying on the organ. The remains were interred in the Kawaiahae cemetery, followed by a large number of sympathizing friends. The deceased left a widow and child and an aged mother.

THE SAME OLD STORY.

J. A. Kelly relates an experience similar to that which has happened in almost every neighborhood in the United States and has been told and re-told by thousands of others. He says: "Last summer I had an attack of dysentery and purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which I used according to directions and with entirely satisfactory results. The trouble was controlled much quicker than former attacks when I used other remedies." Mr. Kelly is a well known citizen of Honolulu, N. C. U. S. A. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

The building which was used for the Fourth of July ball has now been entirely removed from the capital grounds. Part of the lumber was sent out to the Kalihi receiving station for the use of the lepers, another portion went to the quarries, and the heavy timbers are being used on the new wharves.

Commissioner Wray Taylor made a trip of inspection to the government forests in Nuuanu valley Saturday. Experiments are to be made shortly with a new preparation which it is hoped will destroy the cut worms in the islands. The forests are reported to be in splendid condition.

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CUTS OFF SON IN WILL

Charles Notley, Sr., Disinherits Child.

HILO, July 11.—The will of the late Charles Notley, cutting off his son Charles of Honolulu without a dollar, will be contested in the courts here. The estate is valued at nearly \$400,000 and the major portion of the property goes to a niece, Mrs. Danforth, at whose home in Honolulu Mr. Notley died a short time ago. The will as originally made out left the Notley homestead in Hamakua to Charles, but a codicil was added a week before the testator's death, giving this also to Mrs. Danforth.

Cecil Brown and A. Lidgate are named as executors and they appeared before Judge Little with the will on Thursday. E. B. McClaughan gave notice of contest for Charles Notley, alleging undue influence on the part of the niece, Judge Stanley represents Mrs. Danforth and the hearing of the will was set for September.

RICHARDSON'S WILL.

The will of the late C. E. Richardson has been filed for probate. The major part of the property goes to the wife and the daughter, with a bequest of \$5000 to Mattie E. Wakefield, and smaller bequests to others.

LIVED TWO DAYS ON TOBACCO.

John Soares, aged 22 years, was drowned off the coast of Puna last week as the result of an accident to a fishing boat, and his comrade, a Porto Rican by the name of Hibeiro, was cast insensible upon the beach after a two days' dreadful struggle with hunger and thirst, says the Hilo Tribune. The two boys set forth to fish on the morning of July 1. That evening their boat capsized, turning completely over. The oars, mast and sails were lost and the two managed to gain the bottom of the boat. They were carried away to sea by the ebb tide. For two days they held on to their frail bark, with no sustenance but a plug of tobacco, which they loyally divided to the last. On the evening of the second day, Soares could hold on no longer. Bidding his comrade good-bye, he slipped into the friendly waters and expired. Natives soon after found the Porto Rican on the beach, senseless, by the boat which had been washed in by the waves. He was brought to Hilo and will recover.

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Danger ahead! The engine doesn't see the broken rail. There is sure to be a terrible wreck. There's a wreck ahead for you if you pay no attention to your weak throat and lungs.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Weak throats and weak lungs easily give way. Some extra strain, as a fresh cold, and you are down with bronchitis or pneumonia. Better strengthen these weak places before it is too late. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral heals these irritable throats, gives tone to the relaxed membranes, and imparts strength to the lungs.

There are many substitutes and imitations. Beware of them! Be sure you get Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Two sizes. Large and small bottles.

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Now is the time to complete the Breakfast, Dinner or Tea Sets that you purchased from us

We have just received our final shipment of the following:

- Blue Trilby English Ware.
- Green Trilby English Ware.
- Brown Trilby English Ware.
- Pink Roses, French China.
- Red Poppies, French China.
- Lilac Poppies, French China.

These patterns will all be dropped now and no more stock ordered.

Call and leave your orders before it is too late.

Have you seen our window display of hand painted Edgerton China? It is beautiful.

W. W. Dimond & Co.

35-37 King Street.

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THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD. AGENTS

IMPERIAL LIME

99 15-100 Per Cent Pure.

The very best Lime and in the best containers.

In Lots to Suit. Low Prices.

CALIFORNIA FEED Co.

AGENTS.

Olaa Sugar Co., Ltd.

ASSESSMENTS.

THE TWENTY-FIRST ASSESSMENT of 10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per share has been called to be due and payable June 20, 1902.

The twenty-second assessment of 10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per share has been called to be due and payable August 21, 1902.

The twenty-third assessment of 10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per share has been called to be due and payable October 21, 1902.

The twenty-fourth and final assessment of 10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per share has been called to be due and payable December 20, 1902.

Interest will be charged on assessments unpaid ten days after the same are due at the rate of one per cent (1%) per month from the date upon which such assessments are due.

The above assessments will be payable at the office of The B. F. Dillingham Co., Ltd., Stangenwald building. (Signed) ELMER E. FAKTON, Treasurer Olaa Sugar Co. May 12, 1902.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER AND NERVOUS TONIC. BLOOD from all impurities from whatever cause arising. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples and Bores of all kinds, it is a never failing and permanent cure. It cures Old Sores, Cures Sores on the Neck, Cures Sore Legs, Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face, Cures Scurvy, Cures Ulcers, Cures Blood and Skin Diseases, Cures Glandular Swellings, Clears the Blood from all impure matter. From whatever cause arising. It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains. As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WONDERFUL CURES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in bottles of 25 each, and in cases containing six times the quantity. It is sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. PROPRIETORS, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, LINCOLN, ENGLAND. Trade mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE".

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes offered by unprincipled vendors. The name, "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government stamp, and "Clarke's World-Famed Blood Mixture" blown in the bottle. WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

CASTLE & COOKE CO., Ltd. HONOLULU.

Commission Merchants

SUGAR FACTORS.

AGENTS FOR

- The Sava Plantation Company.
- The Wailuku Agricultural Co., Ltd.
- The Kohala Sugar Company.
- The Wailuku Sugar Mill Company.
- The Fulton Iron Works, St. Louis, Mo.
- The Standard Oil Company.
- The George F. Blake Steam Pump.
- The New England Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Boston.
- The Aetna Fire Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn.
- The Alliance Assurance Company, of London.

